- (2) Has competence in diagnosis and treatment of mental illness, preferably in child psychiatry; and
- (3) Has knowledge of the individual's situation.
- (b) For an individual who applies for Medicaid while in the facility of program, the certification must be—
- (1) Made by the team responsible for the plan of care as specified in §441.156; and
- (2) Cover any period before application for which claims are made.
- (c) For emergency admissions, the certification must be made by the team responsible for the plan of care (§441.156) within 14 days after admission.

§ 441.154 Active treatment.

Inpatient psychiatric services must involve "active treatment", which means implementation of a professionally developed and supervised individual plan of care, described in §441.155 that is—

- (a) Developed and implemented no later than 14 days after admission; and
- (b) Designed to achieve the recipient's discharge from inpatient status at the earliest possible time.

§441.155 Individual plan of care.

- (a) "Individual plan of care" means a written plan developed for each recipient in accordance with §§ 456.180 and 456.181 of this chapter, to improve his condition to the extent that inpatient care is no longer necessary.
 - (b) The plan of care must-
- (1) Be based on a diagnostic evaluation that includes examination of the medical, psychological, social, behavioral and developmental aspects of the recipient's situation and reflects the need for inpatient psychiatric care;
- (2) Be developed by a team of professionals specified under §441.156 in consultation with the recipient; and his parents, legal guardians, or others in whose care he will be released after discharge;
 - (3) State treatment objectives;
- (4) Prescribe an integrated program of therapies, activities, and experiences designed to meet the objectives; and
- (5) Include, at an appropriate time, post-discharge plans and coordination of inpatient services with partial dis-

charge plans and related community services to ensure continuity of care with the recipient's family, school, and community upon discharge.

- (c) The plan must be reviewed every 30 days by the team specified in §441.156 to—
- (1) Determine that services being provided are or were required on an inpatient basis, and
- (2) Recommend changes in the plan as indicated by the recipient's overall adjustment as an inpatient.
- (d) The development and review of the plan of care as specified in this section satisfies the utilization control requirements for—
- (1) Recertification under \$456.60(b), 456.160(b), and 456.360(b) of this subchapter; and
- (2) Establishment and periodic review of the plan of care under §§ 456.80, 456.180, and 456.380 of this subchapter.

[43 FR 45229, Sept. 29, 1978, as amended at 46 FR 48560, Oct. 1, 1981; 61 FR 38398, July 24, 1996]

§ 441.156 Team developing individual plan of care.

- (a) The individual plan of care under §441.155 must be developed by an interdisciplinary team of physicians and other personnel who are employed by, or provide services to patients in, the facility.
- (b) Based on education and experience, preferably including competence in child psychiatry, the team must be capable of—
- (1) Assessing the recipient's immediate and long-range therapeutic needs, developmental priorities, and personal strengths and liabilities;
- (2) Assessing the potential resources of the recipient's family;
 - (3) Setting treatment objectives; and
- (4) Prescribing therapeutic modalities to achieve the plan's objectives.
- (c) The team must include, as a minimum, either—
- (1) A Board-eligible or Board-certified psychiatrist;
- (2) A clinical psychologist who has a doctoral degree and a physician licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy; or